Step 1: Assess & Plan



Let's begin with a brainstorming exercise. Ask your core group to quickly identify the challenge(s) you need to address, along with potential solutions. Based on the group's experience, you probably have insight into challenges which might relate to infant care; toddler care; afterschool slots; children with special needs; child care during non-traditional hours; or other areas.

Identify the Challenge	Challenge
Identify the geographic areas to be included in your analysis. What does the child care landscape look like in your community? What specific needs are not being addressed? These could be needs of parents, families, children, providers, schools, employers, etc.	
Reflect on what you know about the types, quality, cost, capacity, and location of child care in your area.	
Quickly describe the problem you are trying to solve.	SOLUTION
What are some initial solutions that come to mind? Think "doable," and then think "dream world."	
Reflect on your major child care concerns, what is ideal, and what you need to do to get there.	

Community Child Care Profile

Now that you have a "snapshot" based on group knowledge and observations, it's time to identify key data points and sources to further inform your work. Collect the facts about families, providers, and available resources to get the fullest possible picture of supply and demand. Make sure the data you compile and examine is recent and reliable.

Data Points & Sources	Data Point	Results	Notes
many families in your community need care?	# of families with children under age 5		
US Census Bureau. Look at numbers of children er 5 with all parents in the workforce.	with all parents in the workforce		
number will notinclude children over 5 who may d before/afterschool care.			
w many infants, toddlers, and	# of infants		
preschool-age children live in your community?	# of toddlers		
	# of		
ck <u>Kids Count Data Center.</u>	preschoolers		
ok at current numbers for each age range and the crage birth rate per year for your locality.			
w many school-age children live in your mmunity?	Total # of children ages 5-12		
ntact the Local School Division or Child Care Aware of	Ages 5-6 (K)		
VA for information on numbers of school-age children (ages 5-12) who may need before/afterschool programs.	Ages 6-7 (1st)		It can be tricky to grasp how many children actually have
	Ages 7-8 (2 nd)		an unmet need for child
itional data sources on families needing child care	Ages 9-10 (3 rd)		care; for example, children may be cared for by family,
include: Child Care Subsidy Program, Child Care Aware of VA, Head Start, National Survey on Early Care and Education, Planning District Commission.	Ages 10-11 (4 th)		friends or neighbors.
	Ages 11-12 (5 th)		

What types of **child care** exist in your community?

Click Search for Child Day Care.

Search for your **zip code** to find data on licensed and unlicensed child care programs.

Click the "Current Subsidy Provider" indicator to learn which programs participate in Subsidy.

On the **Search for Child Day Care page**, hover over each type of care to see the definition and additional information.

You may also want to consider whether Head Start and/or Virginia Preschool Initiative classrooms are **mixed-delivery** (public-private partnership enabling private preschool settings to deliver public preschool services to eligible children).

	Type of Program	Ages Served (range)	Number of Slots	Hours of Operation	Participate in VA Quality?	Participate in VA Subsidy?	Transportation/ Location Notes
	Licensed Child Day Centers						
	Licensed Family Child Care Homes (FCCH)						
	Religious- exempt Child Day Centers						
	Regulated Family Child Care Homes						
	License- exempt Family Child Care Homes						
	Before/After School Programs						
	Early Head Start Centers or FCCH						
	Head Start classrooms						
	Virginia Preschool Initiative classrooms						
-	Early Childhood Special Education classrooms						

How many child care providers in the Virginia Child Care Subsidy Program community participate in the **Child Care Subsidy Program?** Quality **Program Program** Ages **General Notes** Capacity **Vacancies** Name Type Served **Indicators** What are the **barriers** to provider participation in the Child Care Subsidy Program? Sources: Child Care Aware of VA, any available survey data, feedback from parents, providers and Child Care Subsidy team members at Local Departments of Social Services. # of VA Quality participating programs: What is the **quality** of child care in your Types of VA Quality participating programs: community? Quality level of participating programs: # of accredited programs (NAEYC, Montessori, etc.): Click Virginia Quality. Also consider recognized standards for quality and accreditation, Licensing, staff qualifications, parent surveys, etc. Consider any opportunities to help parents and partners better Additional data sources include: understand the importance and the Infant and Toddler Specialist Network characteristics of quality child care. Child Care Aware of VA What do parents, grandparents, educators and other stakeholders think about the quality of available care?

Average Weekly Rate-What is the **cost** of child care in your Center: community? \$ Infant Ś Toddler Click Building CC Supply and review the Child Care Cost Spreadsheet for data on rates for age ranges for Child How does the cost of care Preschool Care Centers and Family Day Homes. for an infant, toddler, School-age preschool or school-age Average Weekly Rate-Additional data sources include: Contacting child care child compare to the Family Child Care Home: providers directly for current rates and fees. Child Care average annual income in Aware of VA. Infant your locality? Ś Toddler Interested in Child Care Subsidy Maximum Reimbursable Preschool Rates for your locality? See Appendices F & G in the \$ Child Care Subsidy Manual. School-age What do the **mapping tools** show? Visit the ALICE Research Virginia Early Childhood Foundation Map Center to review County populations, poverty levels, View the Fall 2019 Readiness Report for your locality, average wages and more. including Virginia Kindergarten Readiness Program assessments and access data for publicly-funded early childhood programs. Child Care Aware of VA--Request Data. What **type of care** do families want? Child care centers, family child care homes, relative care, Parents, providers, educators licensed, license-exempt, full-time, part-time, care and the <u>Infant & Toddler</u> Connection of VA can help during non-traditional hours or out-of-school hours, illuminate the need for care drop-in, enrichment, therapeutic or inclusive care. for children who have special Do preferences vary according to the age of children behavioral, physical or needing care? psychological needs. Do preferences vary depending on the cost of care? Does the need for care change during the year, for example, during summer or winter breaks?

Where and when do families need care? Where do families live and work? Consider where parents and guardians work and how they travel to get there. Are most families in your community in rural areas, urban areas or a mixture? Do these patterns differ by socio-economic status?	Host a Parent Forum to learn what families really want. Child care clients, parents, grandparents and providers are your premiere partners— include them in every step of your work. Find out what they think, what they need, and why, and keep the conversation going.
What barriers are families experiencing to accessing child care? Do families have transportation concerns, need care for multiple children of different ages, have language barriers or need care during non-traditional work hours? The local Workforce Development Board or Economic Development organization can provide workforce data such as non-traditional work hours.	When conducting focus groups or a parent/provider forum, map out housing and industry areas, as well as the most traveled routes. Are buses, shuttles or ride-sharing options available? How could your group collaborate with local government to rally community support and create transportation solutions?
What are the main concerns or unmet needs as voiced by community members ? What do parents, grandparents and guardians say? What do educators (including child care providers, afterschool educators, elementary school teachers, community college professors) say? What do local business leaders say?	
What are the helpful local and regional data sources specific to your area? Think Smart Beginnings, VA Partnership for Out-of-School Time, United Way, Workforce Investment Board, Community College Early Childhood Education Programs (How many students are in the program? What are the trends?) Contact your Planning District Commission for local data.	Call on these stakeholders not only as data sources, but as potential members of your building child care supply work group.

Outcomes/Notes

What are the <u>unmet child care needs</u> in your community?

Consider the data sources and results identified in the previous activities. Watch for duplications.

Look closely at child care supply and demand. Compare ages and numbers of children with available child care slots.

Where do gaps exist?

- Which age groups have waiting lists?
- What is the need for care for children who have special needs?
- What is the need for non-traditional hours of care, afterschool hours and summer hours?

Based on the information gathered, note the:

- Age groups of children who have the greatest need and least amount of child care options available to them (infants, toddlers, preschool, school-age children), and,
- Types of care needed and extent to which the supply meets the demand

After viewing all available information, what **questions** do you have?

Once you know how many slots exist in your community, talk to providers to find out how many vacancies exist.

Be sure to include Early Head Start (birth to age 3), Head Start (age 4) and Virginia Preschool Initiative (age 4), keeping in mind that these programs' schedules may not cover full day or year-round services.

Consider vacancy rates when mapping the child care landscape. If existing quality providers have open slots, it is important to fill and sustain those programs prior to building new programs. Child care businesses need to maintain full enrollment, set accurate tuition rates, and collect full tuition in order to survive.

Unregulated care, such as family, friend and neighbor care, plays an integral part in meeting child care needs.

Word-of-mouth may be one of your best bets in tracking this type of care.